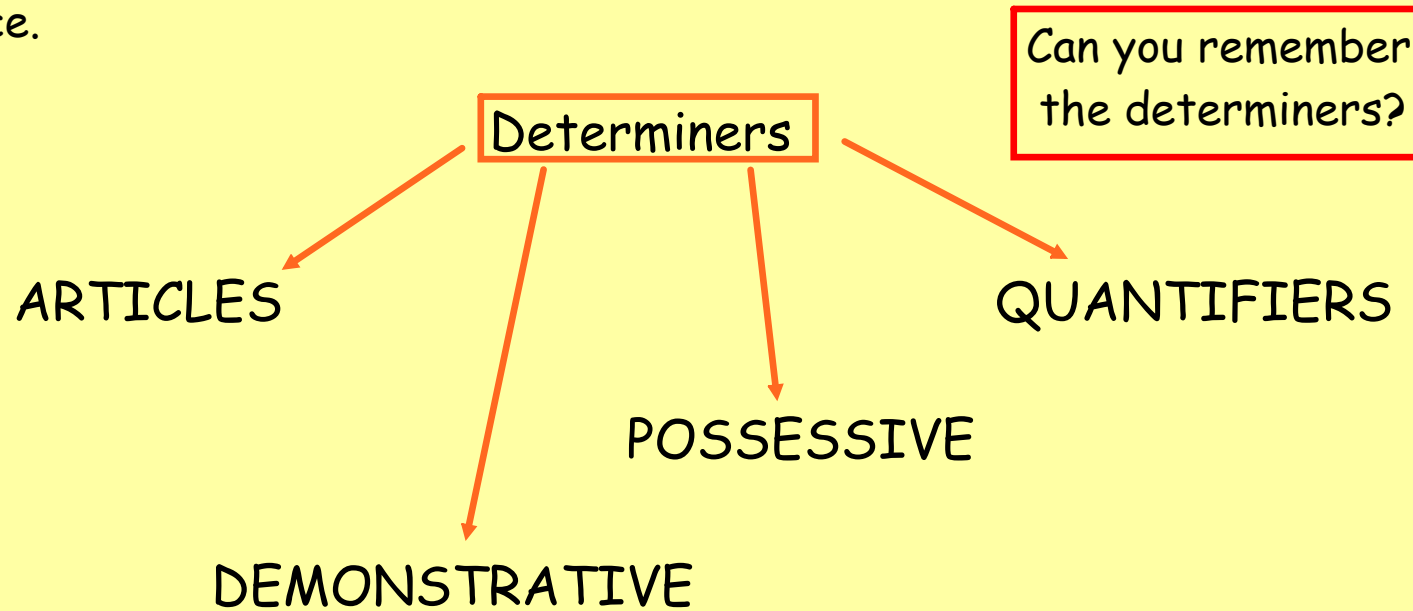


A determiner is *ALWAYS* used before a noun and often emphasises the noun in the sentence.



## QUANTIFIERS

These types of determiners tell you about **how many/the amount** of a noun within a sentence. Look at some examples below:

One apple.

Several books.

There is only a few stickers left.

Two boys.

Can I have **some** juice.

**Many** children.

## QUANTIFIERS

Identify the quantifier/s in the sentences below:

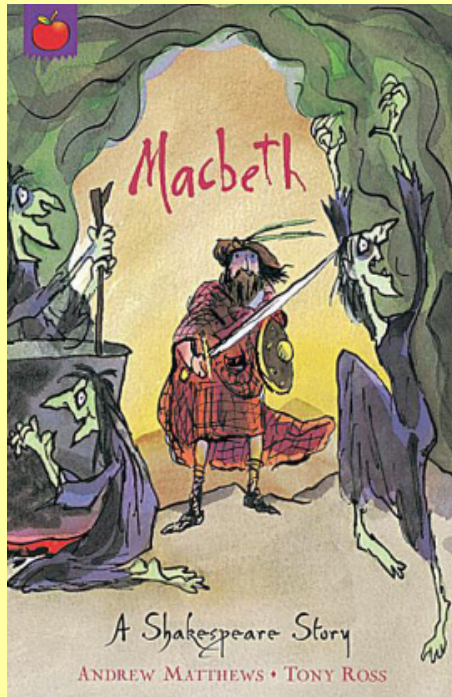
1. Macbeth asked for two murderers.
2. Lady Macbeth enjoyed some sleep amidst the commotion.
3. A few people gathered outside the King's chambers.
4. Some men decided to meet in the courtyard without Macbeth.
5. Banquo was several minutes late to the feast.

Circle the three **determiners** in the sentence below.

William didn't have any cereal in the house, so he went out to buy some cornflakes.

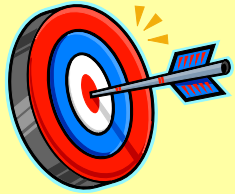
Circle all the **determiners** in the sentence below.

Two apple trees screened the open windows on one side.



## BIG PICTURE

- ✓ Balanced argument
- ✓ Internal monologue



L.O. To identify and use main and subordinate clauses



L.O. To identify and use main and subordinate clauses

When we write, we use main clauses and subordinate clauses to structure our ideas and thoughts.

Here is an example of a **main clause** and a **subordinate clause** from the book.

**Main Clause**

Lady Macbeth also heard the bell toll.

**Subordinate Clause**

There was blood on his face and hands as he carried two daggers.



L.O. To identify and use main and subordinate clauses

**All clauses contain a subject and a verb!**

who/what is the sentence about?

'action' word. Did you know **was**, **be** and **is** are verbs?

**Main Clause:** A sentence that makes sense on its own.

*Macbeth stood still.*

**Subordinate Clause:** A clause that often begins with a subordinating conjunction but needs a main clause in order for it to make sense.

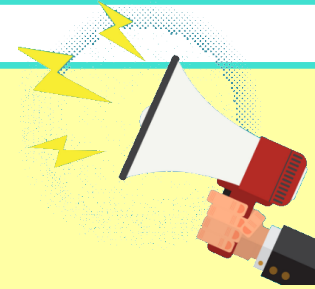
*Lady Macbeth came back, with stained hands, while holding the candle light.*





L.O. To identify and use main and subordinate clauses

## Subordinating Conjunctions



if

since

as

when

although

while

after

before

until

because



L.O. To identify and use main and subordinate clauses

Is it a **main** clause or a **subordinate** clause?

1. Rumours flew through the castle.
2. While guests gathered, Malcolm and Donalbain were convinced that Macbeth was the murderer.
3. Duncan's sons fled the scene of the crime.
4. Macbeth was crowned King.
5. A dark plan formed in Macbeth's mind as he was still weary of the witches prophecies.

How do you  
know?

In my opinion  
\_\_\_\_\_

I believe that  
\_\_\_\_\_



L.O. To identify and use main and subordinate clauses

What kind of **clause** is underlined in the sentence below?

If they could afford to, the ancient Romans ate well.

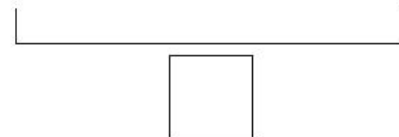
\_\_\_\_\_

Label each of the clauses in the sentence below as either **main (M)** or **subordinate (S)**.

When the bell rang, we dashed into the playground and



we started a game of football.





L.O. To identify and use main and subordinate clauses



Bronze

Look at the table and read each sentence carefully. A part of the sentence has been underlined. You must decide if it is a main clause or a subordinate clause.

Sentence	Main Clause	Subordinate Clause
<u>Macbeth stood where he was</u> , shivering uncontrollably, seeing nothing but Duncan's dead face.		
<u>After a short period of time,</u> Lady Macbeth came back holding her red hands up to the candle-light.		
In the morning we will have the guards tortured <u>until they confess to the murder.</u>		
<u>He turned away</u> and caught sight of his reflection in the mirror.		
<u>Glamis Castle was woken</u> in the grey light of dawn by voices shouting.		
Rumours flew through the castle and suspicion fell on Malcolm and Donalbain <u>because they had the most to gain from their father's death.</u>		



L.O. To identify and use main and subordinate clauses



Write out and underline the main and subordinate clause in each sentence below.

1. Malcolm and Donalbain were convinced that Macbeth was the murderer however they did not dare accuse him.
2. Even though they knew they would look guilty, Malcolm and Donalbain fled the murder scene.
3. Macbeth was crowned as the new King as the crowd clapped in admiration of their new leader.
4. Macbeth's secret dream had come true since the encounter at the heath.
5. As daylight broke, Macbeth conjured up a new plan to protect his crown.



L.O. To identify and use main and subordinate clauses



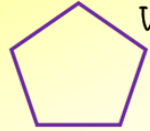
Add a subordinate clause to each main clause and try and use conjunctions to extend each sentence.

1. A dark, cunning plan formed in Macbeth's mind.
2. Macbeth summoned the two murderers to his quarters.
3. Macbeth held a coronation feast in the royal castle at Dunsinane.
4. Many of the nobles who attended remarked that Banquo was not present.
5. News of Banquo's death filled Macbeth with terrible guilt.



L.O. To identify and use main and subordinate clauses

## REFLECTION



What am I most  
pleased with?  
Why?